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 03/01/88

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

<b>Company</b> <b>RELIANCE STEEL &amp; ALUMINUM CO.</b> <b>2550 EAST 25TH STREET</b> <b>LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90058</b>	<b>Issue Date</b> NOVEMBER 25, 1985 REVISED MARCH 1, 1988	<b>Identification Number</b> HALF HARD, SOFT, SHIM HR NAVAL, MUNTZ FREE CUTTING LEADED
<b>Trade Name (Common Name or Synonym)</b> BRASS	<b>Emergency Phone Number</b> 213-582-2272 OR YOUR LOCAL RELIANCE DISTRIBUTOR	
<b>Chemical Name</b>	<b>Formula</b>	<b>DOT Identification Number</b> NA

## I. INGREDIENTS

NOTE: PRODUCTS UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS DO NOT REPRESENT AN INHALATION, INGESTION OR CONTACT HEALTH HAZARD.				
BASE METAL, ALLOYING ELEMENTS AND METALLIC COATINGS	CAS #	% COMPOSITION BY WEIGHT (1)	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV (mg/m³) (2)
Base Metal	CAS #		OSHA PEL	
Copper (Cu)	7440-50-8	60-70	1	1 (Dust & Mist)
Alloying Elements				
Zinc (Zn)	7440-66-6	30-40	N.E.	5 (As Fume)
Tin (Sn)	7440-31-5	<1	2	2
Free Cutting Leaded				
Lead (Pb)	7439-92-1	<4	.05	.15 (Dust & Fume)
(1) % OF ALLOYING MATERIAL VARIES WITH GRADE OF MATERIAL (2) 1985 - 1986 ACGIH THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE				

## II. PHYSICAL DATA


<b>Material is (At Normal Conditions)</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Liquid <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Solid <input type="checkbox"/> Gas <input type="checkbox"/> Other		<b>Appearance and Odor</b> GOLD/YELLOW COLORED, ODORLESS	
<b>Acidity/Alkalinity</b> pH - NA	<b>Melting Point</b> > 1600 F <b>Boiling Point</b> NA F	<b>Specific Gravity (H<sub>2</sub>O = 1)</b> > 8 <b>Solubility in water (% by weight)</b> NA	<b>Vapor Pressure</b> (mm Hg at 20 C) NA

## III. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

<b>Respiratory Protection</b> NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED DUST & FUME RESPIRATOR SHOULD BE USED TO AVOID EXCESSIVE INHALATION OF PARTICULATES WHEN EXPOSURE EXCEEDS TLV'S	<b>Hands, Arms and Body</b> PROTECTIVE GLOVES ARE RECOMMENDED DURING HANDLING OF FINES EXPOSURE
<b>Eyes and Face</b> SAFETY GLASSES OR GOGGLES SHOULD BE UTILIZED AS REQUIRED BY EXPOSURE	<b>Other Clothing and Equipment</b> OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE UTILIZED AS REQUIRED BY THE WELDING STANDARD

## IV. EMERGENCY MEDICAL PROCEDURES

IF EXPOSED TO EXCESSIVE LEVELS OF METAL FUMES, REMOVE TO FRESH AIR,  
 SEEK MEDICAL AID IMMEDIATELY.  
 EYES: FLUSH WITH WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES.

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## V. HEALTH/SAFETY INFORMATION

STEEL PRODUCTS IN THE NATURAL STATE DO NOT PRESENT AN INHALATION, INGESTION OR CONTACT HAZARD. HOWEVER, OPERATIONS SUCH AS BURNING, WELDING, SAWING, BRAZING AND GRINDING MAY RELEASE FUMES AND/OR DUSTS WHICH MAY PRESENT HEALTH HAZARDS IF TLV'S ARE EXCEEDED

**MAJOR EXPOSURE HAZARD**

☒ INHALATION    ☐ SKIN CONTACT    ☐ SKIN ABSORPTION    ☐ INGESTION

Short term exposure to fumes/dust may produce irritation of eyes and respiratory system. Inhalation of high concentrations of freshly formed oxide fumes of copper and lead may cause metal fume fever characterized by a metallic taste in the mouth and irritation of the throat and influenza-like symptoms.

Inhalation or ingestion of lead particles may result in lead-induced systemic toxicity. Symptoms of lead poisoning include abdominal cramps, anemia, muscle weakness and headache. Prolonged exposure can cause behavioral changes, kidney damage, CNS damage and reproductive effects.

SUSPECTED CANCER AGENT?    NO    THIS PRODUCTS INGREDIENTS ARE NOT FOUND IN THE LISTS BELOW  
☒ YES    FEDERAL OSHA    NTP    IARC

<b>Fire and Explosion</b>	Flash Point NA F	Auto Ignition Temperature NA F	Flammable Limits in Air Lower NA % Upper NA %	Extinguishing Media    NA
	Fire and Explosion Hazards    DUST HAZARD EXISTS UNDER FAVORING CONDITIONS OF SMALL PRACTICE SIZE. DISPERSION IN AIR AND STRONG IGNITION SOURCE MAY RESULT IN AN EXPLOSION			Extinguishing Media not to be used  NA
<b>Reactivity</b>	Stability <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stable <input type="checkbox"/> Unstable	Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)    MERCURY, AMMONIA, ACETYLENE, ACIDS		
	Conditions to Avoid    EXPOSURE DURING STORAGE TO STRONG ACIDS, BASES OR OXIDIZING AGENTS			
	Hazardous Decomposition Products    TOXIC GASES, AEROSOLS & VAPORS MAY BE RELEASED IN A FIRE INVOLVING COPPER ALLOYS IF FUMES OF OTHER COMPOUNDS OR CONTACTING MATERIALS ARE INVOLVED			

## VI. ENVIRONMENTAL

Spill or Leak Procedures	NA
Waste Disposal Method	ACCORDING TO LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS

## VII. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

VENTILATION: LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION SHOULD BE UTILIZED WHEN WELDING, BURNING.

SAWING, BRAZING, GRINDING OR MACHINING WHEN EXPOSURE EXCEEDS TLV'S

IN WELDING, PRECAUTIONS SHOULD BE TAKEN FOR AIRBORNE CONTAMINATES WHICH MAY ORIGINATE FROM COMPONENTS OF WELDING ROD

ARC OR SPARK GENERATED WHEN WELDING OR BURNING COULD BE A SOURCE OF IGNITION FOR COMBUSTABLE AND FLAMMABLE MATERIALS

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